HYPO-ALLERGENIC DIET AND MEAL PLAN

*Adopted with permission from the Institute of Functional Medicine

A comprehensive Hypo-Allergenic manual including dietary guidelines, recipes for a 7-day meal plan, shopping lists, and food re-introduction schedule.
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How Can I Benefit From a Hypo-Allergenic Diet?

*Adopted from The Institute for Functional Medicine

The Comprehensive Hypo-Allergenic Diet is a dietary program designed to clear the body of foods and chemicals you may be allergic or sensitive to, and, at the same time, improve your body’s ability to handle and dispose of these substances.

We have also called this an “Elimination Diet” because we will be asking you to remove certain foods, and food categories, from your diet. The main rationale behind the diet is that these modifications allow your body’s detoxification machinery, which may be overburdened or compromised, to recover and begin to function efficiently again. The dietary changes help the body eliminate or “clear” various toxins that may have accumulated due to environmental exposure, foods, beverages, drugs, alcohol, or cigarette smoking.

Food intolerances can contribute to a vast array of problems including: fatigue, anxiety, depression, insomnia, food cravings, weight gain, chronic nasal congestion, postnasal drip, fluid in the ears, Meniere’s syndrome, heart burn and reflux, irritable bowel syndrome, constipation, diarrhea, abdominal pain, ulcerative colitis, Crohn’s disease, acne, eczema, psoriasis, canker sores, hives, muscle aches, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, migraines and other headaches, numbness, asthma, frequent urination, bedwetting, and infantile colic. Most of the above disorders have more than one cause, but food intolerance is often overlooked as a contributing factor.

In our experience, we have found this process to be generally well tolerated and extremely beneficial. We obviously hope that you will find it useful too. There is really no “typical” or “normal” response. A person’s initial response to any new diet is highly variable, and this diet is no exception. This can be attributed to physiological, mental, and biochemical differences among individuals; the degree of exposure to, and type of “toxin;” and other lifestyle factors. Most often, individuals on the elimination diet report increased energy, mental alertness, decrease in muscle or joint pain, and a general sense of improved well-being. However, some people report some initial reactions to the diet, especially in the first week, as their bodies adjust to a different dietary program. Symptoms you may experience in the first week or so can include changes in sleep patterns, lightheadedness, headaches, joint or muscle stiffness and changes in gastrointestinal function. Such symptoms rarely last for more than a few days.

We realize that changing food habits can be a complex, difficult and sometimes confusing process. It doesn’t have to be, and we think that we have simplified the process with diet menus, recipes, snack suggestions and other information to make it a “do-able” process. Read through this information carefully. If you have any questions about the diet, or any problems, please email us at info@DrAlisonChen.com. We would be happy to help, and often we can resolve the issue quickly.

Bon apétit!
Introduction to the Menu Plan

It is ideal to stick with the Hypo-Allergenic Diet for 4-6 weeks prior to reintroducing foods. It is also advised to supplement with gut healing nutriceuticals and healthy bacterial flora. Please contact your Naturopathic Doctor for specific recommendations.

Eat only the foods listed under “Foods to Include”, and avoid those foods shown under “Foods to Exclude” in the Comprehensive Hypo-Allergenic Diet Guidelines. These guidelines are intended as a quick overview of the dietary plan. If you have a question about a particular food, check to see if it is on the food list. You should, of course, avoid any listed foods to which you know you are intolerant or allergic. We also may change some of these guidelines based upon your personal health condition and history.

The “7-Day Menu Plan” may be used as is or as a starting point. This is a suggested menu that you might find useful while you are on the elimination diet. Feel free to modify it and to incorporate your favorite foods, provided that they are on the accepted list.

The reintroduction phase can take up to 60 days to complete, if done properly. So be patient and be prepared. Planning your attack is key to gaining the most out of this test.

A few suggestions that may be of help:

You may use leftovers for the next days' meal or part of a meal, e.g., leftover broiled salmon and broccoli from dinner as part of a large salad for lunch the next day.

It may be helpful to cook extra chicken, sweet potatoes, rice, and beans, etc. that can be reheated for snacking or another meal.

Most foods on the menu plan freeze quite well.

Please add extra vegetables and fruits as needed. The menu is a basic one and needs your personal touch. This is not a calorie-restricted diet. Use the suggested snacks as needed for hunger or cravings; leftovers are also handy to eat as snacks.

If you are a vegetarian, eliminate the meats and fish and consume more beans and rice, quinoa, amaranth, teff, millet, and buckwheat.

Breakfasts that need cooking are easiest to incorporate on your days off. Muffins can all be made ahead of time, frozen, and used as needed.

If you are consuming coffee or other caffeine containing beverages on a regular basis, it is always wise to slowly reduce your caffeine intake rather than abruptly...
stop it; this will prevent caffeine-withdrawal headaches. For instance, try drinking half decaf/half regular coffee for a few days, then slowly reduce the total amount of coffee.

Select fresh foods whenever you can. If possible, choose organically grown fruits and vegetables to eliminate pesticide and chemical residue consumption. Wash fruits and vegetables thoroughly.

Read oil labels; use only those that are obtained by a “cold pressed” method.

If you select animal sources of protein, look for free-range or organically raised chicken, turkey, or lamb. Trim visible fat and prepare by broiling, baking, stewing, grilling, or stir-frying. Cold-water fish (e.g., salmon, mackerel, and halibut) is another excellent source of protein and the omega-3 essential fatty acids, which are important nutrients in this diet. Fish is used extensively. If you do not tolerate fish, consult with us. We may suggest supplemental fish oils. Avoid shellfish, as it may cause allergic reaction.

Remember to drink the recommended amount (at least two quarts) of plain, filtered, re-mineralized water each day.

Strenuous or prolonged exercise may be reduced during some or the entire program to allow the body to heal more effectively without the additional burden imposed by exercise. Adequate rest and stress reduction is also important to the success of this program. Anytime you change your diet significantly, you may experience such symptoms as fatigue, headache, or muscle aches for a few days. Your body needs time as it is "withdrawing" from the foods you eat on a daily basis. Your body may crave some foods it is used to consuming. Persevere. Food cravings especially for sugar and sweets usually diminish after about 3 weeks of sugar abstinence as the body’s sweet tolerance re-calibrates.

It’s highly recommended to create a daily journal to record symptoms that change during the elimination period. Also look for potential food triggers within the allowable foods group. Continue to take nutritional supplements and herbal medicines unless otherwise directed.

At the end of the elimination period foods will be systematically reintroduced. Please track your experiences with the handouts provided. A follow-up appointment should occur before this period begins. If the excluded foods have been successfully avoided reintroduction of any offending foods will provoke a greater reaction than if the foods had not been avoided. This allows for more accurate identification of food sensitivities.

Be creative and explore your TRUE VITALITY!
# Dietary Guidelines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FOODS TO INCLUDE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Starch:</strong> non-gluten grain: brown rice, millet, quinoa, amaranth, teff, tapioca, buckwheat</td>
<td>Wheat, corn, oats, barely, spelt, kamut, rye, and all gluten-containing products</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Bread/Cereal:</strong> any made from rice, buckwheat, millet, soy, tapioca, arrowroot, amaranth, quinoa. Consider, 100% rice cakes, 100% rice crackers, puffed rice cereal, rice bread (toasted)</td>
<td>All wheat, corn, oats, barely, spelt, kamut, rye, and all gluten-containing products</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Meat:</strong> chicken, turkey, lamb, wild game, all fresh fish such as halibut, salmon, canned light tuna, cod, sole, trout. Consider Maple Leaf Natural Selections Turkey or Chicken Breast (unless sensitive to Lemon)</td>
<td>Beef, pork, cold cuts, frankfurters, sausage, canned meats, eggs, shellfish, and foods that contain higher mercury levels such as albacore tuna (e.g. white canned tuna), shark, swordfish, escolar, marlin and orange roughy.</td>
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<td><strong>Legumes:</strong> all dried beans, peas, lentils</td>
<td>Soy, peanuts (technically this is part of the legume family)</td>
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<td><strong>Nuts and seeds:</strong> almonds, cashews, walnuts, sesame (tahini), sunflower, pumpkin, and nut butters made from these seeds. Of course, avoid these as appropriate if we suspect a sesame or tree nut allergy.</td>
<td>Peanuts, peanut butter, pistachios</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Dairy Products:</strong> milk substitutes such as rice milk, almond milk, coconut milk, hemp milk</td>
<td>Cow milk, cheese, cottage cheese, cream, yogurt, butter, ice cream, frozen yogurt, soy milk</td>
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<td><strong>Vegetables:</strong> raw, steamed, sautéed, juiced, or baked vegetables (except those specifically prohibited)</td>
<td>Canned or creamed casseroles Patients with inflammation are advised to avoid: all nightshade family vegetables, including tomatoes, all potatoes (except yams, and sweet potatoes), eggplant, red green, and yellow bell peppers</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fats and dressings:</strong> olive oil, grape seed oil, flax seed oil, cold/expeller-pressed canola, safflower, sunflower, sesame, walnut, pumpkin, almond oil, dressings made from these oils, non-hydrogenated margarine (e.g. Olivina). White, red wine, and balsamic vinegars are okay for most people.</td>
<td>Hydrogenated margarines, butter, shortening, processed salad dressings. Avoid malt vinegar</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Beverages:</strong> water, non-caffeinated herbal teas, diluted fruit juices as permitted.</td>
<td>Soda pop, alcoholic beverages, coffee, caffeinated teas and beverages.</td>
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<td><strong>Spices:</strong> cinnamon, cumin, dill, garlic, ginger, oregano, parsley, rosemary, tarragon, thyme, turmeric</td>
<td>Cayenne pepper, paprika, curry powder containing cayenne pepper.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sweeteners:</strong> best to avoid sweeteners but if necessary, cane juice, brown rice syrup, molasses, stevia.</td>
<td>White or brown refined sugar, honey, maple syrup, corn syrup, high fructose corn syrup, agave nectar, all artificial sweeteners.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fruits:</strong> Note that some people have a sensitivity to the fruit sugar, fructose. If possible, try and avoid fruits especially bananas, oranges, strawberries and grapes. Avoid all dried fruit.</td>
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Hypo-Allergenic Shopping List

**Fruits**
- Apple, applesauce
- Apricots (fresh)
- Blackberries
- Blueberries
- Cherries
- Coconut
- Figs (fresh)
- Grapefruit
- Huckleberries
- Kiwi
- Kumquat
- Lemon
- Lime
- Logan berries
- Mangos
- Mulberries
- Nectarines
- Papayas
- Peaches
- Pears
- Prunes
- Raspberries

*All the fruits above can be consumed raw or juiced (Avoid all dried fruit)*

**Vegetables**
- Artichoke
- Asparagus
- Avocado
- Bamboo shoots
- Beets & beet tops
- Bok choy
- Broccoflower
- Broccoli
- Brussels sprouts
- Cabbage
- Carrots
- Cauliflower
- Celery
- Chives
- Cucumber
- Dandelion greens
- Endive
- Kale
- Kohlrabi
- Leeks
- Lettuce (red or green leaf & Chinese)

**Vegetables cont.**
- Okra
- Onions
- Parsley
- Red Leaf Chicory
- Sea vegetables (seaweed, kelp)
- Snow peas
- Spinach
- Squash
- Sweet potato & yams
- Swiss chard
- Watercress
- Zucchini

*All the above vegetables can be consumed raw, juiced, steamed, sautéed, stewed, baked or in soups*

**Breads & Baking**
- Arrowroot
- Baking soda
- Rice bran
- Gluten free breads
- Flours (rice, teff, millet, amaranth, garbanzo beans, tapioca, quinoa)
- Rice flour pancake mix
- Mochi

**Cereals & Pasta**
- Cream of rice
- Oats (gluten-free)
- Puffed rice
- Puffed millet
- Quinoa flakes
- Rice pasta
- 100% buckwheat pasta
- Rice crackers

**Nuts & Seeds**
- Almonds
- Cashews
- Flax seeds
- Hazelnuts (Filberts)
- Pecans
- Poppy seeds
- Pumpkin seeds
- Sesame seeds
- Sunflower seeds
- Walnuts

*All the above can be consumed as butters and spreads*

**Beans**
- All beans except soy
- Lentils (brown, green, red)
- Split peas

*All the above can be dried (try to avoid canned food)*

**Animal Sources**
- Free-range chicken, turkey, duck
- Fresh ocean fish (Pacific salmon, sole, halibut, haddock, cod, tuna, pollock)
- Sardines, anchovies
- Lamb
- Wild game

**Dairy Substitutes**
- Almond milk
- Rice milk
- Coconut milk
- Oat milk
- Hemp milk

**Oils**
- Almond
- Flax seed
- Canola
- Olive
- Pumpkin
- Safflower
- Sesame
- Sunflower
- Walnut

**Vinegars**
- Apple cider
- Balsamic
- Red wine
- Rice
- Tarragon
- Ume Plum

**Herbs, Spices & Extracts**
- Basil
- Black pepper
- Cinnamon
- Cumin
- Dandelion
- Dill
- Dry mustard
- Garlic
- Ginger
- Nutmeg
- Oregano
- Parsley
- Rosemary
- Salt-free herbal blends
- Sea salt
- Tarragon
- Thyme
- Turmeric
- Pure vanilla extract

**Condiments**
- Mustard (made with apple cider vinegar)
- Nutritional yeast

**Sweeteners**
- Fruit sweeteners (Mystic Lake Dairy, Wax Orchards, apple juice)
- Agave nectar
- Molasses
- Rice syrup
- Stevia

**Beverages**
- Herbal tea (non-caffeinated)
- Mineral, spring water
- Pure unsweetened fruit or vegetable juice

**BRING ME TO THE GROCERY STORE AND REMEMBER TO READ ALL INGREDIENT LABELS CAREFULLY**

Daily Dose Calendar

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www.DrAlisonChen.com
What to Look for When Shopping

As a general guide, eat organic fruits and vegetables if possible. Ensure they are washed thoroughly to remove pesticides and contaminants – use soap or hydrogen peroxide.

Be sure to read labels thoroughly to find added ingredients and avoid sugar, glucose, fructose, EDTA, flavouring, colour or any other preservatives.

Things to watch for

- Corn starch in baking powder and any processed foods
- Corn syrup or maltodextrin (corn derivative) in beverages and processed foods
- Vinegar in ketchup, mayonnaise & mustard is usually from wheat or corn
- Breads advertised as gluten-free which contain oats, spelt, kamut, rye
- Whey (dairy protein) in some grocery store gluten-free rice breads
- Many amaranth and millet flake cereals have oats or corn
- Many canned tunas contain textured vegetable protein which is from soy; look for low-salt versions which tend to be pure tuna, with no fillers
- Multi-grain rice cakes are not just rice. Purchase plain rice cakes
- Hidden gluten (see gluten resources below)

Gluten containing foods (from the Canadian Celiac Association website: www.celiac.ca)

You need to avoid any food that contains the protein gluten from wheat, rye, or barley, such as:

- Atta (chapatti flour)
- Barley (flakes, flour, pearl)
- Beer, ale, lager
- Breading and bread stuffing
- Brewers yeast
- Bulgur
- Communion wafers
- Couscous
- Croutons
- Dinkel (also known as spelt)
- Durum
- Einkorn
- Emmer
- Farina
- Farro or Farro (also known as spelt)
- Fu
- Graham flour
- Hydrolyzed wheat protein
- Kamut
- Malt, malt extract, malt syrup and malt flavouring
- Malt vinegar
- Malted milk
- Matzoh, matzoh meal
- Modified wheat starch
- Oatmeal, oat bran, oat flour and whole oats
- Pastas
- Rye bread and flour
- Seitan
- Semolina
- Triticale
- Spelt (also known as farro or faro, dinkel)
- Wheat bran, wheat flour, wheat germ, wheat starch

7-Day Menu Plan

• This is a suggested day-by-day menu for one week while on the Hypo-Allergenic Diet.
• Use this menu to stimulate your own ideas and modify it according to your own taste.
• Serving sizes in each recipe are approximate; adapt them to your own appetite.
• You may mix and match foods from different days according to your own preferences.
• Substitutions with store bought items are allowed as long as you avoid restricted foods.
• Recipes for menu items marked with an asterisk (*) are included at the end of this guide.

DAY 1

Breakfast
Cooked whole grain cereal (oatmeal, cream of brown rice, buckwheat, teff, or quinoa flakes)
  ✓ served with rice, oat, or almond milk, cinnamon, and allowable sweetener of your choice
  ✓ garnished with chopped walnuts, almonds, hazelnuts, or toasted pumpkin seeds
  ✓ topped with fresh or frozen unsweetened fruit

Lunch
Lentil Soup* or Split Pea Soup,* or black bean soup
Sesame rice crackers or rice cakes
Carrot and celery sticks
Fresh figs, plums, or cherries

Dinner
Broiled salmon
Cooked millet or baked white or sweet potato or Quinoa Salad*
Oven Roasted Veggies*
Mixed greens salad with Vinaigrette Dressing*
Crispy Rice Squares* or fresh apple

Snack Suggestions

✓ Fresh raw veggie wedges with:
  o Almond butter, cashew butter, sunflower butter, tahini, or
  o Apple butter, pear honey, or
  o Hummus with olive oil and garlic
✓ Sesame or rice crackers or rice cakes
✓ Fresh fruit (except orange)
✓ Nuts and seeds (except peanut)
✓ Crispy Rice Squares*, Gingerbread*
✓ Mochi rice squares with fresh berries or nut butter
**DAY 2**

**Breakfast**
Fruit Smoothie:
- blend rice or almond milk with 1/2 banana and/or pineapple slice and one or two ice cubes
- add flax powder or other fiber if desired Applesauce Bread* or Zucchini Bread*

**Lunch**
Asparagus Soup* (or yesterday’s leftover soup)
Cabbage Salad*
Rice cakes with walnut butter
Fresh peach or pear

**Dinner**
Broiled lamb chop
Nutty Green Rice* or Mock Mac ‘n Cheese*
Cooked veggie mix:
- steam broccoli, cauliflower, and carrots
- toss with olive oil and herbs (oregano, thyme, basil, tarragon, etc.)
Fruity Spinach Salad *

**DAY 3**

**Breakfast**
Nutri-Ola,* or crispy brown rice, or puffed rice or puffed millet cereal
- served with rice or almond milk, topped with sliced berries
Leftover Applesauce

**Lunch**
Brown rice and black beans mix topped with flax oil
- garnished with chopped scallions and sliced avocado or Guacamole*
Baking Powder Biscuits*
Tropical fruit salad with sliced mango, kiwi, and strawberries
- topped with shredded unsweetened coconut and chopped walnuts or pecans

**Dinner**
Broiled or poached halibut
Baked butternut or acorn squash, sprinkled with cinnamon
Chopped zucchini, red peppers, garlic and onion sautéed in olive oil, topped with basil
Mixed green salad with Vinaigrette Dressing
- choose greens from arugula, endive, radicchio, red leaf, romaine, butter head, Boston, cabbage, dandelion, escarole; add red cabbage, garbanzo beans, red onion, olives, carrots
Mochi rice squares and fresh fruit
**DAY 4**

**Breakfast**
Sweet Potato Delight* and/or leftover Nutri-Ola* square
Papaya half, filled with blueberries and sprinkled with cinnamon

**Lunch**
Leftover Brown Rice and Black Beans mix or Halibut salad:
- Mixed greens of your choice
- chopped vegetables with garbanzo or kidney beans
- leftover halibut cut into chunks
- Vinaigrette Dressing
Fresh mango or leftover Crispy Rice Squares*

**Dinner**
Skinless chicken, oven baked or broiled, sprinkled with garlic powder and tarragon
Brown rice or wild rice, or Basic Kasha *, dressed with flax or sesame oil
Asparagus, cut into 1-inch pieces and stir-fried in olive oil and garlic
Gingerbread*

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**DAY 5**

**Breakfast**
Mochi Rice Waffles*, topped with Sautéed Apples*
Fruit Smoothie:
- blend rice or almond milk with a peach and/or raspberries and one or two ice cubes
- add flax powder or other fiber if desired

**Lunch**
Quinoa Salad or Chicken salad:
- mixed greens
- leftover chicken, cut into pieces
- your choice of Guacamole or Nutty Mayo
Beans and Greens Soup*
Rice cakes or rice bread with Pear Honey* or unsweetened apple butter

**Dinner**
Fresh tuna, topped with herbs (tarragon, dill, or parsley), and broiled
Rice pasta with olive oil and Mock Pesto* or baked sweet potato topped with flax oil
Steamed vegetables: kale or collard greens tossed with olive oil and garlic
Mixed green salad with kidney beans and Vinaigrette Dressing
Fresh fruit salad: mango and pineapple chunks, sliced kiwi
**DAY 6**

**Breakfast**
Meal in a Muffin*, or Breakfast Rice Pudding*
Rice milk, oat milk, or almond milk, berries, sweetener and pecans

**Lunch**
Tuna salad:
  ✓ leftover tuna mashed, and mixed with:
  ✓ hummus (from health food store or homemade)
Leftover Beans and Greens soup
Baking Powder Biscuits
Fresh pear or nectarine

**Dinner**
Roast turkey breast or broiled turkey burger or Spiced Lentil Casserole*
and/or Brown Rice and Peas*
Steamed broccoli, carrots and/or green beans topped with flax oil and herbs of choice
Baked Apple*

**DAY 7**

**Breakfast**
Toasted rice bread topped with pear butter or
Rice Pancakes* topped with pear butter or sautéed apples
Papaya chunks

**Lunch**
Turkey salad:
  ✓ Mixed greens or mix of cannellini beans, celery, scallions, and apple chunks,
  ✓ Nutty Mayo* or hummus
Cucumber slices marinated in rice vinegar and dill
Rice crackers
Banana

**Dinner**
Rice Pasta Primavera* or Black Beans and Yellow Rice*
Pickled Beets*
Mixed greens salad with cherry tomatoes and Vinaigrette Dressing
Leftover Breakfast Rice Pudding topped with dried apples
Comprehensive Hypo-Allergenic Diet Recipes for 7-Day Menu

**DAY 1 RECIPES**

**Lentil Soup - Serves 4**
- 2 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 medium onion, chopped
- 2 large carrots, sliced or chopped
- 2 stalks celery, chopped
- 1 1/2 cups red and/or green lentils, well rinsed
- 2 quarts water or broth
- Pinch thyme or any herbs of your choice
- Salt to taste

Combine first 6 ingredients and bring to boil. Add seasonings. Reduce heat to medium-low and simmer, partially covered, until lentils are soft. Green lentils need about 45 minutes to 1 hour, while red lentils only need 20-30 minutes. Puree half of the soup in the blender if you prefer a creamy soup.

**Split Pea Soup - Serves 6**
- 3 cups dry split peas, well rinsed
- 2 quarts water 1 tsp. salt 1 bay leaf
- 1/2 - 1 tsp. dry mustard
- 2 onions, chopped fine
- 4 cloves garlic, minced
- 3 stalks celery, chopped
- 2 medium carrots, sliced
- Salt and pepper to taste
- 3 Tbsp. apple-cider vinegar or rice vinegar

Combine peas, water, salt, bay leaf, and mustard in 6-quart pot. Bring to boil, reduce heat and simmer, partially covered for about 20 minutes. Add vegetables and simmer for another 40 minutes, stirring occasionally. Add more water as needed. Add salt, pepper, and vinegar to taste.

**Quinoa Salad - Serves 8-10**
- 1 1/2 cups quinoa, rinsed several times
- 3 cups water, or chicken broth or vegetable broth (or a combination)
- 1 cup fresh or frozen peas (frozen baby peas should be just defrosted)
- Chopped veggies, raw or lightly steamed (broccoli, asparagus, green beans, etc)
- 1/2 cup chopped red onion
- 1 pint cherry tomatoes (optional)
- 1/2 cup chopped black olives (optional)
- 1/3 cup olive oil
- 2 Tbsp. balsamic vinegar or lemon juice
* 1 or 2 crushed garlic cloves  
* 2-4 Tbsp. fresh dill, chopped (or 1 Tbsp. dried dill)  
* 2 Tbsp. chopped fresh parsley  
  
Salt and pepper to taste  

Rinse quinoa well (quinoa tastes bitter if not well rinsed). Bring 3 cups water or broth to a boil. Add rinsed quinoa and bring back to boil. Simmer uncovered for about 15 minutes until liquid is well absorbed. Transfer to large bowl with a small amount of olive oil to prevent sticking, and allow to cool. Meantime, mix together remaining oil, vinegar or lemon juice, parsley, and garlic in a small bowl. Add veggies to quinoa and toss well with dressing mixture, dill, salt and pepper. Chill before serving.  

**Oven Roasted Veggies – number of servings depend on amount of veggies used**  

Use any combination of the following vegetables, unpeeled, washed, and cut into bite-sized pieces: eggplant, small red potatoes, red onion, yellow or green summer squash, mushrooms, asparagus. Toss with crushed garlic cloves, olive oil and sprinkle with rosemary, oregano, tarragon, and basil to taste. Spread in roasting pan in single layers and roast approximately 20-25 minutes at 400 degrees until veggies are tender and slightly brown, stirring occasionally. The amount of time needed depends on the size of the veggie. Salt and pepper to taste. Serve while warm, or use cold leftovers in salad.  

**Vinaigrette Dressing - 6 servings (approximately)**  

*Note: ingredient amounts in this recipe are approximate - use more or less of certain ingredients to adapt recipe to your personal taste).*  

* 1/4 cup each flax and extra-virgin olive oils  
* 3 Tbsp. Balsamic vinegar (preferred because it has the richest flavor)  
* 2-3 Tbsp. water  
* 1 tsp. dry mustard  
* 1-3 cloves fresh garlic (whole pieces for flavor or crushed for stronger taste)  
* Salt and pepper to taste  
* Oregano, basil, parsley, tarragon or any herbs of your choice, fresh or dried  

Place vinegar, water and mustard in a tightly capped jar, and shake well to thoroughly dissolve mustard. Add oil and remaining ingredients and shake well again. Store refrigerated and shake well before using. Dressing will harden when cold; allow 5-10 minutes to re-liquefy.  

**Crispy Rice Squares - 2 dozen**  

* 1 tsp. cold pressed canola oil  
* 1/2 cup brown rice syrup  
* 2 Tbsp. sesame tahini, or almond butter  
* 3 tsp. vanilla extract  
* 2 cups crispy brown rice cereal  
* 2 cups puffed rice
• 2 cups puffed millet or Perky’s Nutty Rice
• 1/2 cup pumpkin or sunflower seeds
• 1/2 cup currants, chopped apple or dates

Heat oil in a large pot; add rice syrup and tahini or almond butter. Stir until bubbly. Remove from heat and stir in vanilla. Add remaining ingredients and mix well with a wooden spoon. Press into an ungreased 13x9” pan and press mixture flat. Let mixture set at room temperature or refrigerate. Cut into squares. Store in an airtight container.

**DAY 2 RECIPES**

**Applesauce Bread – Yields 14 slices**

• 1 cup teff flour
• 1 cup oat or rice flour
• 1 tsp. baking soda
• 1/2 tsp. cinnamon
• 1/4 tsp. salt
• 1/4 tsp. nutmeg
• 1 cup unsweetened applesauce
• 1 Tbsp. safflower or sesame oil
• 1/2 cup brown rice syrup or fruit juice concentrate
• Egg Replacer to equal 1 egg *(refer to recipe on page 26)*
• 3-4 Tbsp. Apple butter
• 1 tsp. pure vanilla extract

Combine the dry ingredients in a large bowl. Combine the wet ingredients in a small bowl and mix into the dry ingredients. Pour into oiled 9 inch square pan. Bake at 350 degrees for 30 minutes.

**Zucchini Bread - Yields 14 slices.**

• 1/4 cup walnuts, ground finely in blender
• 1 3/4 cups brown rice flour
• 1/2 cup arrowroot
• 2 tsp. baking soda
• 1/4 tsp. salt
• 1/2 cup chopped walnuts
• 1 1/2 cups finely sliced zucchini
• 1/4 cup safflower or sesame oil
• 6 Tbsp. apple juice concentrate
• 2 Tbsp. fruit sweetener, or rice syrup, or pear honey *(refer to recipe on page 21)*
• Egg Replacer to equal 2 eggs *(refer to recipe on page 26)*
• 1 tsp vanilla extract
Preheat oven to 350 degrees. Mix finely ground walnuts with flour, arrowroot, baking soda and salt in a large bowl. Stir in the chopped walnuts. In a separate bowl, mix together the zucchini, oil, apple juice, pear honey, egg replacer, lemon and vanilla. Add to the flour mixture and stir until just moistened. Do not over mix. Pour into a greased 9" x 5" loaf pan and bake for 55-60 minutes or until cake tester inserted in middle comes out clean. Cool in pan for 10 minutes, then remove from pan and cool on wire rack.

**Asparagus Soup - Serves 4**

- 1 lb. asparagus, trimmed
- 2 medium leeks or 4 large shallots
- 1 Tbsp. oil
- 2-3 cloves garlic, minced
- 2 cups water or chicken stock
- 1 tsp. dried dill weed
- pinch nutmeg

Slice off the tips of the asparagus and reserve them. Cut the remaining stalks into 1” pieces. Slice the leeks in half lengthwise and wash under cold water to remove any sand. Slice into 1/4” pieces. Sauté the leeks or shallots in the oil over medium heat until soft. Add the garlic and sliced asparagus stalks. Cook, stirring, another minute or two. Add the water or stock and dill. Simmer 10-12 minutes.

Remove from heat, allow to cool 5-10 minutes. Puree half the volume at a time. Return to pan, add the reserved asparagus tips and simmer 3-5 minutes or until tips are just barely tender. Add nutmeg. If soup is too thick, thin with additional water or stock.

**Cabbage Salad - Serves 4-6**

- 1 small- medium head red cabbage, thinly sliced (or use half red and half green cabbage)
- 8 sliced radishes, or 1 grated carrot
- 3 green apples, diced
- 1 stalk celery, chopped
- 1/2 cup chopped walnuts or pecans
- dash garlic powder
- 2 Tbsp. olive oil
- 2 tsp. vinegar
- 1 tsp. lemon juice

Mix all ingredients in a bowl and allow to sit for an hour, stirring once or twice. Serve cold or at room temperature.
**Nutty Green Rice - Serves 4**

- 1 cup brown basmati rice
- 2 cups water
- 1/4 to 1/2 tsp salt
- 1/2 cup almonds
- 1 bunch parsley
- 1 clove garlic
- 1 1/2 Tbsp. lemon juice
- 1 1/2 Tbsp. olive oil
- 1/2 cucumber, diced
- pepper to taste

Bring water to a boil, add rice and salt, stir and simmer, covered, for 45 minutes. Remove from heat and let sit for another 10 minutes; then remove cover and allow to cool. While rice is cooking, blend almonds, parsley, garlic, and oil in a food processor. When rice is cool, stir with nut mixture and add pepper to taste. Garnish with cucumber if desired.

**Mock Mac ‘n Cheese - Servings depend on amounts of ingredients used**

Cook desired amount of brown rice pasta according to package instructions. Toss cooked pasta with olive oil and sprinkle with several tablespoons of nutritional yeast. The yeast gives the pasta a cheese-like taste.

**Fruity Spinach Salad - Serves 6-8**

- 1 lb. fresh spinach, washed, dried, torn into pieces
- 1 pint fresh organic strawberries or raspberries, washed
- 1/2 cup chopped walnuts or sliced almonds

*Dressing:*

- 2 Tbsp. sesame seeds
- 1 Tbsp. poppy seeds
- 2 scallions, chopped
- 1/4 cup flax seed oil
- 1/4 cup safflower oil
- 1/4 cup balsamic vinegar

Cut berries in half and arrange over spinach in serving bowl. Combine dressing ingredients in blender or food processor and process until smooth. Just before serving, pour over salad and toss. Garnish with nuts.
**DAY 3 RECIPES**

**Nutri-Ola (basic recipe) - Serves 10**
*Adapted from Sally Rockwell's “Allergy Recipes”, Nutrition Survival Press, Seattle, Washington*

- 2 cups arrowroot or millet flour or finely ground filberts, pecans, almonds, walnuts or sesame seeds
- 1 cup filberts or walnuts, coarsely ground
- 1 cup whole sesame seeds or sunflower seeds (or a combination)
- 1 cup (combined) finely chopped dried apples, papaya, apricots, currants
- 1/2 cup fruit puree or frozen fruit concentrate
- 1/2 cup sesame, or walnut or sunflower oil
- 2 tsp. pure vanilla or almond extract

Preheat oven to 275 degrees. Use a blender or food processor to grind nuts, grains or seeds to desired consistency. Mix the nuts, seeds and/or grains in a large bowl. Mix with fruit and sweetener, oil and vanilla. Pour over the dry mixture and stir lightly. Spread mixture into a lightly oiled 15"x10"x1" baking pan. Bake for 1 hour, stirring every 15 minutes. Cool. Break into small pieces for cereal or large chunks for snacks.

**Breakfast Bars**

- Add Egg Replacer* to equal 2 eggs (refer to recipe on page 26) to Nutri-Ola - Basic Recipe (above):

Slowly add additional water to make a stiff batter. Follow above directions, but spread into an 8 or 9 inch square pan (ungreased) and bake at 350 degrees about 30 minutes. Cut into squares when done.

**Guacamole - Makes 1 1/2 - 2 cups**

- 2-3 ripe avocados
- 1/4 cup chopped onions
- 1/4 tsp. vitamin C crystals
- 1 Tbsp. water
- 1 small clove garlic, chopped

Cut the avocados in half, remove the pits, then scoop the flesh into a blender or food processor. Add the onions, vitamin C crystals, water, and garlic. Process until smooth. Transfer to a small bowl. Cover and chill. Use within 2-3 days. To prevent darkening, coat top with a thin layer of oil. For a chunky version, mash the avocado with a fork and finely chop onions and garlic.
Baking Powder Biscuits - Makes one dozen

- 1 1/2 cups brown rice flour
- 1/2 cup tapioca flour
- 4 tsp. baking powder
- 1/8 tsp. salt
- 3 Tbsp. Safflower or sesame oil
- 1 cup applesauce, unsweetened

Preheat oven to 425 degrees. In a medium-large mixing bowl, stir together dry ingredients. Sprinkle oil on top and mix well with a pastry blender or fork, until consistency is crumbly. Mix in applesauce and stir until blended. Spoon heaping tablespoonfuls onto ungreased cookie sheet. With spoon, lightly shape into biscuit. Bake 15-18 minutes until slightly browned. Serve warm for best flavor, but may be lightly reheated in a microwave.

DAY 4 RECIPES

Basic Kasha - Serves 4-5

- 1 cup buckwheat groats
- 2 cups water, chicken or vegetable broth

Roast the dry buckwheat groats over medium heat in a dry skillet, stirring until the grains begin to smell toasty, about 2 minutes. Add the water or broth, cover and simmer for 20-30 minutes, until kasha is tender but not mushy. Pour off any excess liquid. Optional: add onion, garlic and herbs to the dish.

Sweet Potato Delight - Serves 1-2


- 2-4 Tbsp. chopped nuts
- 2 medium sweet potato, cooked
- 1 tsp. oil
- 1 Tbsp. fruit sweetener, molasses or brown rice syrup (optional)

In a large frying pan, dry-roast the nuts over medium heat for a few minutes. Shake the pan often. Cut the cooked sweet potato into 1/2” pieces. Add the oil to the pan. Push the nuts to the outer edges. Add the sweet potatoes. Cover and cook for 2 minutes. Uncover, and cook for 5 minutes, until everything is heated through and browned on one side. Add the sweetener before serving.
**Gingerbread — 9 squares**  
*Adapted from "Gluten-Free, Sugar-Free Cooking" by Sue O'Brien, to be published in February 2005 by Thorson’s, London.*

- 1/2 cup pecans or walnuts, finely chopped
- 1/2 cup agave nectar or fruit sweetener
- 1/4 cup canola oil
- Egg Replacer to equal 2 eggs* (refer to recipe on page 26)
- 1 tsp vanilla
- 1 1/2 cups brown rice flour
- 1/2 tsp salt
- 1 tsp baking powder
- 1 tsp baking soda
- 2 tsp ginger
- 1 1/2 tsp cinnamon
- 1/4 tsp nutmeg
- 1/8 tsp cloves
- 1/2 tsp orange rind
- 1 cup unsweetened applesauce

In a large mixing bowl, combine the agave nectar and oil. Beat on high speed until thoroughly blended. Agave nectar is preferred. Add in the eggs, one at a time. Be sure to beat well between eggs. Add in the orange rind and vanilla and continue to blend together. Set aside.

Meanwhile, preheat the oven to 350 degrees and spray a 9x 9 inch square pan with a non stick spray. Sift together the dry ingredients and add the nuts. Add some of the dry ingredients to the wet ingredients, a little at a time, blending well. Add in 1/4 cup of the applesauce, blend, then add in more flour. Continue this process until you have added all of the ingredients.

Pour the batter into the prepared pan and bake for 20-25 minutes, or until the gingerbread is done. Check for doneness by inserting a toothpick, or touching lightly on the center. Freezes well.

### DAY 5 RECIPES

**Mochi Rice Waffles - Serves 4**

Purchase 1 package of cinnamon-apple Mochi and defrost. Cut into quarters. Slice each quarter across to form 2 thinner squares. Place one square into preheated waffle iron and cook until done. Top with your choice of fruit or Sautéed Apples (below).
Sautéed Apples - Serves 2

- 2 apples, washed
- 1/2 Tbsp. safflower oil or canola oil
- 2 tsp. cinnamon
- 2-3 Tbsp. apple juice

Thinly slice apples and sauté in oil until softened. Add cinnamon and apple juice and simmer, stirring, uncovered for a few more minutes.

Beans and Greens Soup - Serves 4-5

- 2 cups cooked white beans
- 2 Tbsp. olive oil
- 2 medium cloves garlic, crushed
- 1 large onion, chopped
- 1 bay leaf
- 1 stalk celery, diced
- 2 medium carrots, diced
- 1 tsp. salt
- fresh black pepper
- 6 cups water, vegetable, or chicken broth
- 1/2 lb fresh chopped escarole, spinach, chard, or collards (or a combination)

In a 4-6 quart soup pot, sauté the onions and garlic in olive oil over low heat. When onions are soft, add bay leaf, celery, carrot, salt and pepper. Stir and sauté another 5 minutes. Add broth or water and cover. Simmer about 20 minutes. Add cooked beans and your choice of greens. Cover and continue to simmer, over very low heat, another 15-20 minutes. Serve immediately or refrigerate and reheat.

Pear Honey - Makes 3 pints

- 15 very ripe pears
- 1/2 cup water
- 1/2 cup brown rice syrup or fruit juice sweetener

Peel, quarter and core the 15 pears. Place 12 of the pears in a stainless steel or enamel Dutch oven or 3 quart saucepan. Coarsely chop the remaining 3 pears. Place them and the water in a blender. Process until pureed. Pour into the pan with the pear quarters. Bring to a boil, then reduce the heat to a simmer. Stir in the sweetener. Cook until pears are tender, about 30 minutes. Puree the cooked fruit in batches using a blender or food processor. The puree should be about the consistency of honey. If too thin, return it to the pan and boil it down a bit. If too thick, dilute with a little juice. Pour into jars, and store in the refrigerator for up to 1 month.
Mock Pesto - Makes 1 cup

- 1 large ripe avocado
- 1 cup basil leaves
- 1/4 tsp. lemon juice
- 1 garlic clove, minced or 1/8 tsp. garlic powder
- 1/4 cup pine nuts
- 1/2 tsp. olive or flax oil

Cut the avocado in half and remove the pit. Scoop out the flesh and place it in a bowl of a food processor. Add the basil, vitamin C crystals, garlic and pine nuts. Process for about 2 minutes – scrape the bowl as necessary. Transfer it to a small bowl and coat the surface with oil to prevent browning. Chill.

DAY 6 RECIPES

Breakfast Rice Pudding - Serves 4

- 1 cup uncooked short grain brown rice
- 1 1/4 cups coconut milk
- 1 1/4 cups water
- 1/2 tsp. salt
- 1 Tbsp. brown rice syrup
- 1 tsp. cinnamon
- Chopped almonds or sunflower seeds or other nuts of choice (optional)

Combine water and coconut milk in heavy pot; bring to boil, adding rice and salt. Simmer, covered (do NOT stir) for about 45 minutes or more, until liquid is mostly absorbed and rice is soft. Remove from heat and allow to cool for 15 minutes. Stir in brown rice syrup and cinnamon and top with nuts or seeds as desired.

Meal in a Muffin – Makes one dozen
Adapted from “Wheat-free Sugar-Free Gourmet Cooking” by Sue O’Brien, Gig Harbor, WA, 2001

- 1 medium carrot, grated
- 1 large apple, grated
- 1/4 cup canola oil
- 1/4 cup unsweetened applesauce
- Egg Replacement to equal 2 eggs (refer to recipe on page 26)
- 1/3 cup Mystic Lake Dairy sweetener
- 2 tsp. vanilla
- 1/4 cup garbanzo bean flour
- 1/2 cup brown rice flour
- 1/4 tsp. cinnamon
- 1/2 tsp. baking powder
• 1/4 tsp. ginger
• 1/8 tsp. nutmeg
• 1/4 cup shredded unsweetened coconut
• 1/2 cup dates

Preheat oven to 375 degrees. Mix together all wet ingredients and set aside. In a separate bowl, mix dry ingredients then mix both together. Lightly coat muffin tins with oil spray. Fill 3/4 full and bake 15-20 minutes or until toothpick comes out clean. Allow to cool on a rack.

**Spiced Lentil Casserole - Serves 4**

• 1 1/2 cups lentils, rinsed well
• 2 Tbsp. sesame oil
• 3 cloves garlic, crushed
• 1 stalk celery, chopped
• 1 large onion, chopped
• 1/2 tsp. salt
• 1 cup shredded, unsweetened coconut
• 1/2 tsp. cinnamon
• 1/2 tsp. powdered ginger
• 1/2 tsp. turmeric
• 2 large green apples, washed and diced

Simmer lentils, covered, in 2 1/2 cups water for 30-40 minutes, until tender. While they are cooking, in a wok or heavy skillet, sauté remaining ingredients, except apples, in oil until tender. Add water as necessary. Add apples and cook 10 more minutes covered. Combine with cooked lentils in a casserole dish.

**Brown Rice and Peas - Serves 4**

Add 1 cup of green peas (either fresh and lightly steamed or frozen and just defrosted baby peas) to 2 cups of cooked brown rice. Top with your favorite herbs and flax oil to taste.

**Baked Apple - Serves 6**

• 1/3 cup golden raisins
• 2 Tbsp. apple juice
• 6 cooking apples, cored
• 1 1/2 cups water
• 1/4 cup frozen unsweetened apple juice concentrate
• 2 tsp. pure vanilla extract
• 1 tsp. cinnamon
• 1 tsp. arrowroot

Remove peel from top third of each apple and arrange in a small baking dish. In a medium saucepan, combine other ingredients and bring to a boil, stirring frequently. Reduce heat and
simmer 2-3 minutes, until slightly thickened. Distribute raisins, filling centers of each apple. Pour sauce over apples and bake, uncovered, at 350 degrees for 1 to 1 1/2 hours. Baste occasionally and remove from oven when apples are pierced easily with a fork. Spoon juice over apples and serve warm.

**DAY 7 RECIPES**

**Rice Pancakes** - *Makes approximately 14 (4-inch) pancakes.*

- 1 1/3 cups rice flour
- 1/2 cup oat or millet flour
- 2 tsp. baking powder
- 1/2 tsp. baking soda
- 1/4 tsp. salt
- 1 Tbsp. apple butter
- 1 Tbsp. Safflower or sesame oil
- Egg Replacer to equal 2 eggs *(Refer to recipe on page 26)*
- 1 1/2 cups almond, oat, or rice milk
- 1 1/2 Tbsp. white vinegar

Mix the almond or rice milk with the vinegar and allow them to stand for 5 minutes until curdles form. Mix dry ingredients together and set aside. In large mixing bowl, beat apple butter, oil, egg, and milk. Add dry mixture and stir gently. Be careful not to overmix. Serve with Sautéed Apples *(refer to recipe on page 21)*.

**Nutty Mayo** - Makes 1 1/4 cups. (Keeps well for 3 weeks)
*Adapted from “The Allergy Self Help Cookbook”, by Marjorie Hurt Jones, R.N. Rodale Press, Emmaus, Pa.*

- 1/2 cup cashews or other nuts
- 3/4 cup water
- 3 Tbsp. vinegar
- 2 Tbsp. oil
- 1 Tbsp. arrowroot
- 1 Tbsp. brown rice syrup
- 1 Tbsp. minced parsley
- 1 Tbsp. snipped chives
- 1 1/2 tsp. dry mustard

Grind the nuts to a fine powder in a blender. Add the water, blend 1 minute to make sure the nuts are fully ground. Add the vinegar, oil, arrowroot, sweetener, and seasonings. Blend until very smooth. Pour into a saucepan and cook a few minutes, until thick. Allow to cool, transfer to a glass jar. Store in the refrigerator.
Rice Pasta Primavera – Serves 4

- 2 cups uncooked rice pasta (noodles, spaghetti, elbows)
- 1 large whole chicken breast, cut into thin strips (optional)
- Broccoli florets, chopped carrot, and/or other favorite veggie, lightly steamed
- 3-4 scallions, chopped
- 2 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 Tbsp. olive oil (more if needed)
- 1/4 cup fresh basil, finely chopped
- 1/4 - 1/2 cup coconut milk

Cook rice pasta according to package directions. While pasta is cooking, heat oil in wok or heavy frying pan, and stir fry chicken strips or tofu chunks, garlic, scallions, and basil for about 5 minutes; add remaining vegetables and coconut milk and continue to cook until veggies are soft and glisten. Add more coconut milk as needed. Remove from heat and spoon over drained rice pasta and garnish with black olives and extra olive oil, if desired.

Black Beans and Yellow Rice - Serves 4

Black Beans
- 1 cup dry black beans, soaked overnight and drained
- 4 cups water 1 small onion, chopped
- 1 small carrot, chopped
- 2 cloves garlic, minced
- 1 bay leaf
- 1 tsp. cumin

In a 3-quart saucepan, combine beans, water, onion, carrot, green pepper, jalapeno pepper, garlic, bay leaf, cumin, and pepper flakes. Bring to a boil over medium heat and simmer, uncovered, about 2 1/2 hours, or until beans are tender and almost all liquid is absorbed. Discard bay leaf. (May be made up to 2 days ahead; reheat before serving.)

Yellow Rice
- 2 cups chicken stock
- 1 small onion, finely chopped
- 2 tsp. olive oil
- 1 clove garlic, minced
- 1/2 tsp. turmeric
- 1 cup uncooked long-grain brown rice

In a 2-quart saucepan over low heat, sauté onions in oil until tender, about 5 minutes. Add the garlic and sauté 1 minute. Stir in turmeric, then rice. Add stock. Bring to a boil, cover and simmer 45 minutes over low heat, or until rice is tender and all liquid is absorbed. Do not stir. Spoon beans over rice.
**Pickled Beets - Serves 4-6**  
*Adapted from “The Allergy Self Help Cookbook”, by Marjorie Hurt Jones, R.N. Rodale Press, Emmaus, Pa.*

- 4 beets, cooked and skinned
- 1/4 cup water
- 1 Tbsp. brown rice syrup or fruit sweetener
- 1/4 cup rice vinegar
- 1/4 tsp. ground cinnamon
- pinch each of cloves and allspice

Combine the water, sweetener, vinegar, cinnamon, cloves and allspice in a medium saucepan. Simmer for 2 minutes. Stir in the beets, and heat through. Serve hot or warm.

**MISCELLANEOUS RECIPES**

**Egg Replacer** - equals one egg

- 1/3 cup water
- 1 Tbsp. whole or ground flaxseed

Place the water and flaxseed together and allow to gel for about 5 minutes. This mixture will bind patties, meat loaves, cookies and cakes as well as eggs do, but it will not leaven like eggs for souffles or sponge cakes. Increase amounts accordingly for additional egg replacement.

**Corn Free Baking Powder**

2 tsp. cream of tartar  
2 tsp. arrowroot  
1 tsp. baking soda

Sift together to mix well. Store in an airtight container. Make small batches.

**BAKING TIPS**

- We include ground nuts, in addition to chopped nuts, in the muffin recipes, because the nuts help retain moisture and allow for a small amount of leavening.
- To grind soft nuts such as walnuts, or pecans, use 1-2 Tbsp. of the starch called for in the recipe and add to the grinding mixture to prevent clumping.

The grinding may be done with a nut chopper, a small (very clean) coffee grinder, or pulsing on a food processor. Particles should be fine enough to pass through a strainer. Grind only what you will need. If you are allergic to nuts, replace the amount of nut flour with an equal amount of another flour or starch called for in the recipe.
Hypo-Allergenic Reintroduction Schedule Guide

Congratulations on making it through the Hypo-Allergenic Diet!
Now the fun begins…

• There are various ways to reintroduce foods back into your normal diet.

• It is usually recommended to follow this diet for at least 3 weeks but do note that 6 weeks is optimum. Once the elimination diet comes to an end you will gradually reintroduce the foods that you have been eliminating.

• Eat the suspected aggravating foods first (to observe the greatest responses) and the known aggravating foods last or not at all (to avoid disrupting the gut lining as much as possible).

• **Preparation is key.** Decide which next foods you will be reintroducing and purchase enough for the next 3 days of meals.

• The entire reintroduction will take up to **60 days** to complete properly.

• Every newly introduced food or food group should be eaten at **least two of the three meals in one day for three consecutive days.** At any point if you start to react (ie. Skin irritation, gut discomfort, gas, fatigue, pain), stop eating the offending food. If however, you have no reactions after the third day you simply introduce another food group and keep the safe food in your new diet.

• Please note that when you react to an introduced food, **wait until your reaction subsides** prior to re-introduction of the next food group and do not eat the food that you reacted to until the re-introduction of all the other food groups is over. Then, add the food group at the very end.

• Once you have reintroduced all the various foods into your diet, you need to go back and try eating those foods to which you were sensitive. See how you react to them again. If you have any adverse reaction(s) to that food or food group, then you know that you may need to avoid that food/food group all together or eat it sparingly.

• The next page is the Hypo-Allergenic Reintroduction Chart. Listed on it are foods to reintroduce along with a chart to note your specific reactions. Remember, you can choose the order in which you add the foods back into your diet.
### Hypo-Allergenic Reintroduction Chart

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food to Re-Introduce</th>
<th>Specific Reactions</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Dairy (milk, cream, sour cream, cheese, butter, yoghurt)</td>
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<td>Beef</td>
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<td>Pork</td>
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<td>Eggs</td>
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<td>All gluten-containing grains (wheat, spelt, rye, oats, barley) commonly found in breads, pasta and other products from refined flour</td>
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<td>Corn</td>
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<td>Tomatoes, Peppers, Eggplant family</td>
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<td>Mushrooms, fungus</td>
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<td>Potatoes</td>
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<td>Caffeinated beverages (coffee, black tea, soda)</td>
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<td>Shellfish, catfish</td>
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<td>Soy beans and soy products (tofu, soy milk, soy sauce, miso, tempeh, TVP)</td>
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